	Case 1:20-cv-00148-DAD-SKO Docume	ent 18 Filed 08/04/20 Page 1 of 2
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		EC DICTRICT COLIDT
9	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
10		
11	KIRELL FRANCIS BETTIS TRUST and	No: 1:20-cv-00148-NONE-SKO
12	KIRELL FRANCIS BETTIS TRUST and KIRELL F. BETTIS-TAYLOR,	ORDER ADDRESSING JUNE 12, 2020
13	Plaintiffs,	FILING
14	V.	(Doc. No. 17)
15	INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE (IRS), K. GREEN, and A. RASCHKE,	(Doc. No. 17)
16	Defendants.	
17	Defendants.	
18	This case was closed on March 27, 2020, after plaintiff, who is subject to the three strikes	
19	provision of the Prison Litigation Reform Act (PLRA), 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g), failed to pay the	
20	required \$400.00 filing fee in full. (Doc. No. 11.) On April 27, 2020, the court denied plaintiff's	
21	motion for reconsideration, but afforded plaintiff one additional opportunity to pay the required	
22	filing fee, indicating that if plaintiff failed to pay the fee by May 11, 2020, the case would remain	
23	closed. (Doc. No. 13.) On May 7, 2020, plaintiff filed a document with the court that appeared to	
24	be a promissory note in an apparent attempt to satisfy the requirement that he pay the filling fee to	
25	proceed with this action. (Doc. No. 14.) That method of payment was rejected by the Clerk of	
26	Court because a promissory note is not a proper form of payment. (Doc. No. 15.) Accordingly,	
27	the case remains closed.	
28	/////	
		1

Case 1:20-cv-00148-DAD-SKO Document 18 Filed 08/04/20 Page 2 of 2

On several occasions during this litigation, plaintiff sought to invoke the imminent danger
exception to the PLRA's three strikes provision. The court has repeatedly found that the
exception was not triggered. (See Doc. No. 3; Doc No 11 at 2.) On June 12, 2020, plaintiff filed
a document that again attempts to assert eligibility under the imminent danger exception. (Doc.
No. 17.) The court interprets this document as a motion for reconsideration. This latest filing
reiterates claims plaintiff has made previously concerning threats of retaliation related to his
refusal to withdraw a staff complaint about an alleged excessive use of force incident at Corcoran
State Prison. (Id.) Plaintiff now highlights a portion of an April 10, 2020 filing, in which he
asserted that on January 27, 2020, a correctional officer at plaintiff's current place of
incarceration (CCI Tehachapi) threatened him with physical violence if he did not withdraw his
staff complaint about the incident at Corcoran. (Doc. No. 12 at 6.) The court again has examined
plaintiff's assertions of imminent harm in detail and finds no basis for reconsideration of its prior
finding that plaintiff has failed to set forth "specific fact allegations of ongoing serious physical
injury, or a pattern of misconduct evidencing the likelihood of imminent serious physical injury."
Martin v. Shelton, 319 F.3d 1048, 1050 (8th Cir. 2003). Plaintiff's motion for reconsideration is
therefore DENIED.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: **August 3, 2020**

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE